

Collector banknote *Independence*

An all-out war between the partitioning powers, which Adam Mickiewicz once prayed for, provided the Polish people with a chance to regain their independence. The road to freedom proved to be very long, however, and Poles had to make huge sacrifices along the way. As the subjects of hostile empires, they were fighting in the armies of the partitioning powers. However, some of them were lucky enough to fight in Polish national uniforms. A simple, grey-coloured military uniform was donned by the riflemen who were led by Józef Piłsudski and who crossed the borders of the Congress Kingdom of Poland in August 1914 in order to fight against Russia. They were convinced that only military struggle could bring about the desired freedom that many generations had unsuccessfully fought for. Following the establishment of the First Cadre Company, subsequent units were created, out of which three brigades were ultimately formed. Their wartime fate, the fierce and bloody battles at Nida, in the Carpathian Mountains, in Mazovia, in the Lublin region and in Volhynia, had a great impact on the success of the Polish national liberation movement. The attitude of the legionnaires also sent shockwaves throughout the country. Some of them were interned because they refused to pledge allegiance to the Central Powers. Others broke through the front lines and fought against the Germans. This greatly influenced the birth of the myth surrounding the Polish Legions and Józef Piłsudski. The imprisonment of the future Chief of State by the Germans strengthened his legend as an unbreakable hero of the struggle for Poland's liberation. It is therefore not surprising that when Piłsudski returned from internment in Magdeburg, on 11 November 1918 the Regency Council entrusted him with civil authority and command over the armed forces. This date was later recognized as the symbolic moment when Poland regained its independence.

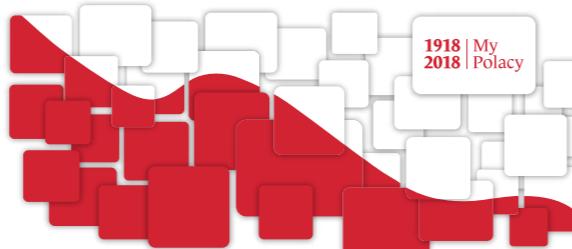
Piłsudski launched vigorous efforts aimed at organizing the government and the army. As the commander-in-chief of the Polish army, on 16 November he notified the governments of world powers of the rebirth of an independent, sovereign and democratic Poland. It is precisely the fragments of this diplomatic note that appear on the front side of the banknote, alongside the portrait of Piłsudski in the uniform of the Polish Legions. Another reference to the theme of the Polish Legions is the commemorative badge of the 1st Brigade of the Polish Legions and the badge of the Polish Military Organization, which played a great role in the effort to seize control over the country and in the consolidation of its external borders.

Apart from the abbreviated names of the organizations, both badges also bear Józef Piłsudski's initials – JP.

The front side of the banknote also includes a schematic image of the Order of Polonia Restituta badge with the engraved date 1918, as well as the inscription "niepodległa" (independent), reproduced from Piłsudski's manuscript. It also serves as the logo of the celebrations of the 100th anniversary of Poland regaining its independence.

The back side of the banknote is dominated by the Polish national colours and the eagle of the Polish Legions, holding in its claws a pelta shield with the letter "S" for "strzelcy" (riflemen). Around it there is an inscription: RZECZPOSPOLITA POLSKA (THE REPUBLIC OF POLAND). This is a reference to the commemorative coins with face values of 5 and 10 złoty, which were minted in 1934 on the 20th anniversary of the march out of the First Cadre Company and which were designed by the sculptor Stanisław Kazimierz Ostrowski.

Wojciech Kalwat



The current schedule of issue of collector items
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Collector banknote of NBP
Independence

1918 | My
2018 | Polacy

Collector banknote of NBP
Independence

Face value:

20 zł

Dimensions:

150 mm x 77 mm

Volume:

up to 50,000 pcs

Designer:

Agnieszka Próchniak

Date of issue:

31 August 2018

Issuer:

NBP

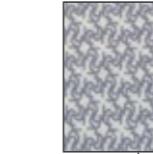
see-through
register



special raster –
intaglio



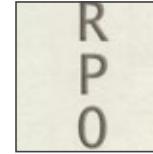
guilloche
background



The banknotes, commissioned by NBP, were manufactured by the Polish Security Printing Works (PWPW S.A.).

An image of Józef Piłsudski according to a photograph from the National Digital Archives collection.

letterpress
numbering



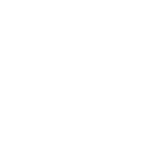
embossed
element for the
visually impaired



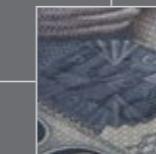
DUO
Watermark™



microtext
- offset



letterpress
numbering

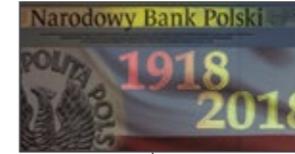


latent image

On 31 August 2018, Narodowy Bank Polski is putting into circulation a collector note *Independence* with the face value of 20 zł. The banknotes are available at the NBP regional branches and at the online shop kolekcjoner.nbp.pl.

Narodowy Bank Polski holds the exclusive right to issue the currency of the Republic of Poland, including collector coins and banknotes. All coins and banknotes issued by NBP are legal tender in Poland.

image visible
under UV light



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register



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- offset



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Watermark™



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including rainbow
effect



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security thread
indicating the face
value



spark® live
feature in colour-
shifting ink