All Polish collector coins feature:

- face value
- image of the Eagle established as the state emblem of the Republic of Poland
- inscription: Rzeczpospolita Polska
- year of issue

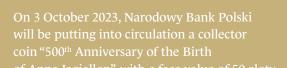


Issuing collector items is an occasion to commemorate important historic figures and anniversaries, as well as to develop the interest of the public in Polish culture, science and tradition.

Information on the issue schedule can be found at the nbp.pl/schedule-of-issue website.

Should you have any questions, please contact our consultants at the following phone number: +48 22 185 17 05.

Collector coins issued by NBP are sold at NBP regional branches and in the NBP online shop.



Narodowy Bank Polski is the central bank of the State, responsible for its monetary policy and price stability. The Bank's functions are described in the Constitution of the Republic of Poland and the Act on NBP. NBP holds the exclusive right to issue the currency of the Republic of Poland. As the central bank, it does not provide accounts for the general public, accept deposits from or extend loans to individuals. It acts as a banker to the State budget and public sector entities. NBP also holds and manages the foreign exchange reserves of the State. Finally, it functions as a banker to banks, creating conditions for the operation of the Polish banking system. Narodowy Bank Polski is one of the most important research and analytical centres in the fields of economics and financial markets. For more information on NBP visit: nbp.pl

Narodowy Bank Polski

We protect the value of Polish money



The Independence March



The Independence March

On 26 September 2023, Narodowy Bank Polski is putting into circulation a silver coin "The Independence March", with a face value of 10 złoty.

The history of this cyclical event dates back to the year 2010. It was an exceptional time when Poles were trying to – if only for a moment – unite around the Smoleńsk tragedy and its victims. However, soon afterwards feuding and disputes broke out over the choice of a burial site for the presidential couple.

The first Independence March proceeded through the streets of Warsaw on 11 November 2010. The event has been organised ever since to commemorate people and events that had led to the rebirth of Poland in 1918.

The Independence March has become a cyclical and the largest patriotic manifestation in Poland, reaching the steady turnout of over 100,000. In 2018, when Poland celebrated the 100th anniversary of regaining independence, over 250,000 Poles of all ages joined the march, coming with white-and-red flags. Polish President Andrzej Duda delivered an address at the start of the manifestation, and the march trailed the official one attended by the state authorities who walked to the National Stadium. Every year participants march under different slogans; for example, in 2016 it was – "Poland: A Bastion of Europe",



Face value: 10 zł Metal: Ag 925/1000

Finish: proof, UV printing Diameter: 32.00 mm

Weight: 14.14 g
Edge (side): plain

Mintage: up to 10,000 pcs



Designer: Dobrochna Surajewska Issuer: NBP

The coins, commissioned by NBP, were struck by Mennica Polska SA

in 2017 – "We Want God" and in 2018 – "God, Honour, Homeland".

The Independence March has become one of the exceptional events on the map of contemporary history of Poland, indicating the need to show respect towards national heritage and love for the homeland.

The obverse of the coin depicts the image of the Eagle established as the national emblem of the Republic of Poland, featuring the symbolic representation of Polish flags in the background.

The reverse of the coin shows – at its main motif – white-and-red flags and a white-and-red ribbon, both printed with the use of UV light; at the top, there is a semi-circular inscription: MARSZ NIEPODLEGŁOŚCI (The Independence March).

Jan Żaryn